

Transport Business-

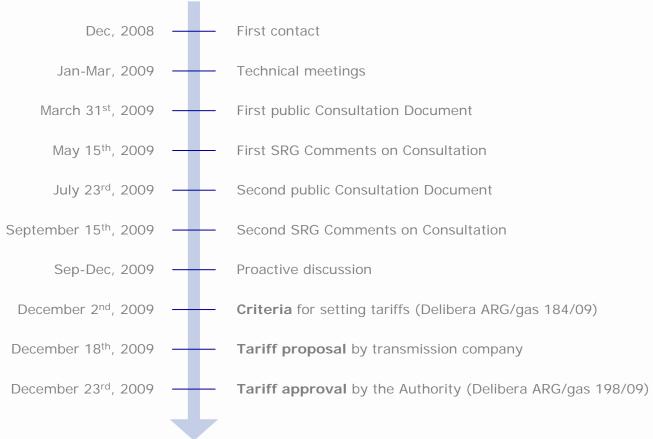
Regulatory framework for 2010-2013 period





The regulatory review process

Continuous contacts...







Clear and Stable

- 4-year regulatory period (from 2010 to 2013)
- Transparent methodology to calculate allowed revenues
- RAB based on "re-valuated historical cost" methodology

Attractive incentives

- Extra-return allowance on new investments
- Extra-efficiency retention on operating costs
- Financial efficiency retained in the period

Long term visibility

- Up to 15 years premium on new investments
- Profit sharing retention gradually transferred to shippers in 8 years

Low risk profile

- No inflation exposure (yearly adjustment of RAB and revenues)
- Very low gas demand exposure (increased capacity revenue)
- No exposure to fuel gas cost (pass through)





Return On RAB

- 6.4% in real terms pre-tax
- 1% premium for 5 years for safety capex
- 2% premium for 7 10 years for capacity development capex
- 3% premium for 10 15 years for entry-capacity development capex
- Base rate and premium recognised on spending

Depreciation

- 50 years pipeline (vs. 40 years in previous periods)
- 20 years pressure reduction system (vs. 40 years in previous periods)
- 5 years for ICT system (vs. 10 years in previous periods)

Operating costs

- Actual cost of year 2008 increased by 50% of extra efficiency
- (RPI –X) applied only on commodity unit revenue
- X-factor determined to transfer extra efficiency in 8 years

Tariff

- Commodity reference volume: 75.7 bcm
- Entry/Exit tariff system confirmed





Tariff structure

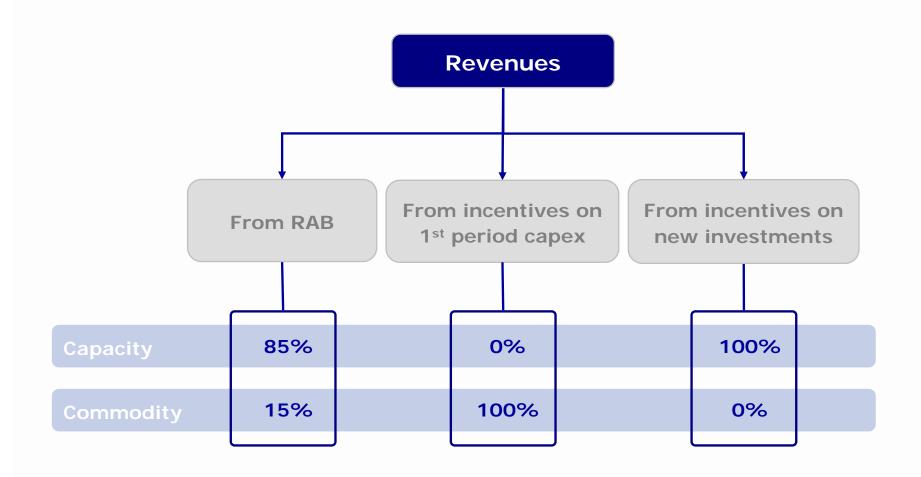
Tariffs designed...

- Entry-Exit system
- Interruptible capacity
- Flexible capacity
- Incentives to gas export
- Metering charge

...to support the market

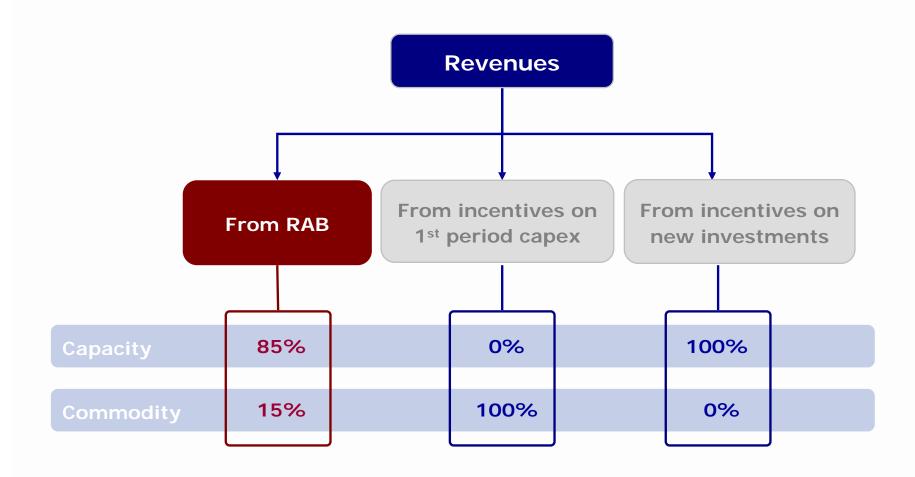








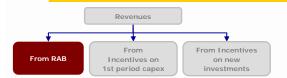






How the formula works





Step 1: Reference revenues

year 0

Step 2: First year revenues

vear 1

Step 3: Roll revenues forward

year 2 to year 4



Reference revenues from RAB







Regulatory Asset Base (RAB)





... 20% value growth



Allowed rate of return



From RAB From Incentives on 1st period capex From Incentive on new investments	s	WACC
	Risk free	4,40%
	Beta levered	0,57
	Market risk premium	4%
	Cost of EQUITY	6,70%
	Cost of debt	4,85%
	Tax shield (irpeg)	27,5%
	Net cost of DEBT	3,52%
	Leverage (D/D+E)	44,4%
	WACC nominal post-tax	5,3%
	Inflation	1,5%
	WACC real pre-tax (*)	6,4%



Depreciation

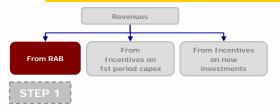






Operating costs





Opex derivation (*)

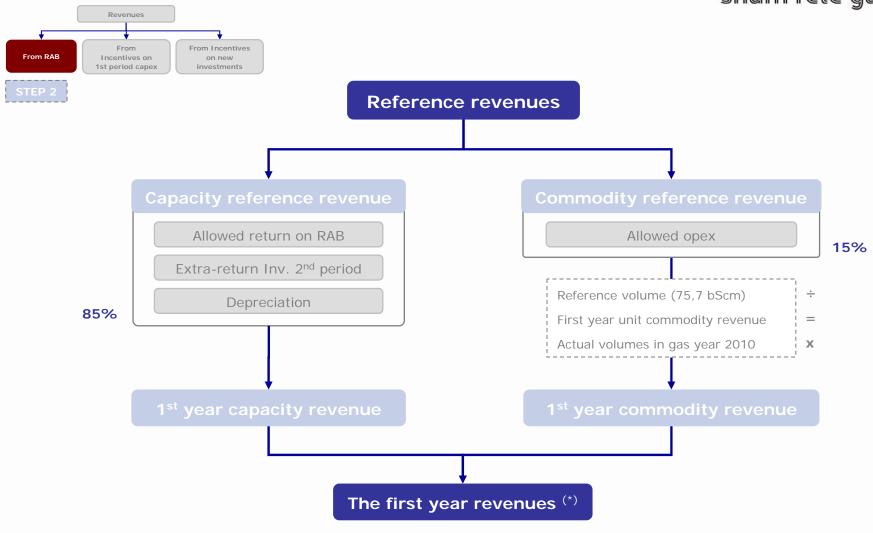
Allowed opex year 2004	285,5 €m	
Allowed opex year 2008	299,7 €m	

Actual opex year 2008	206,5 €m	
Claw-back (50%)	46,6 €m	
3 rd period allowed opex	248,8 €m	



First year revenues from RAB

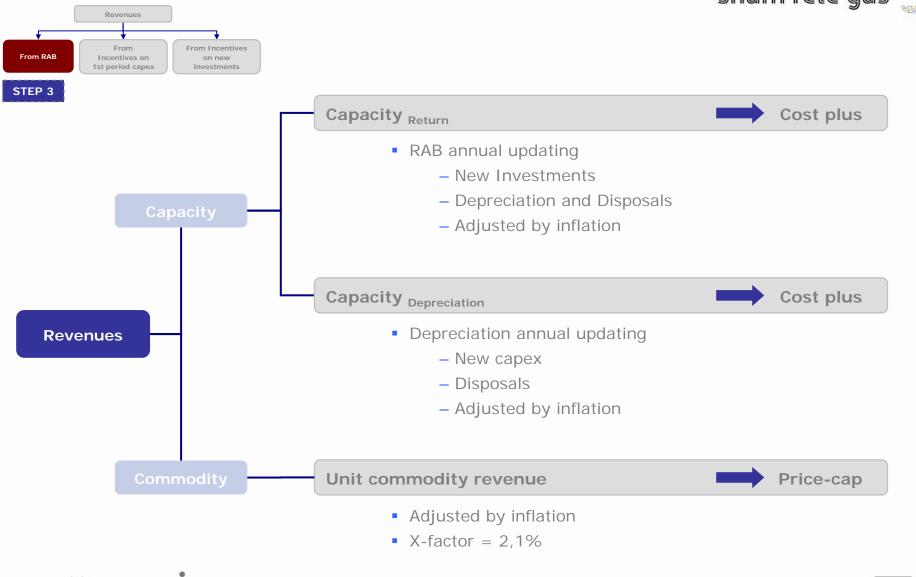






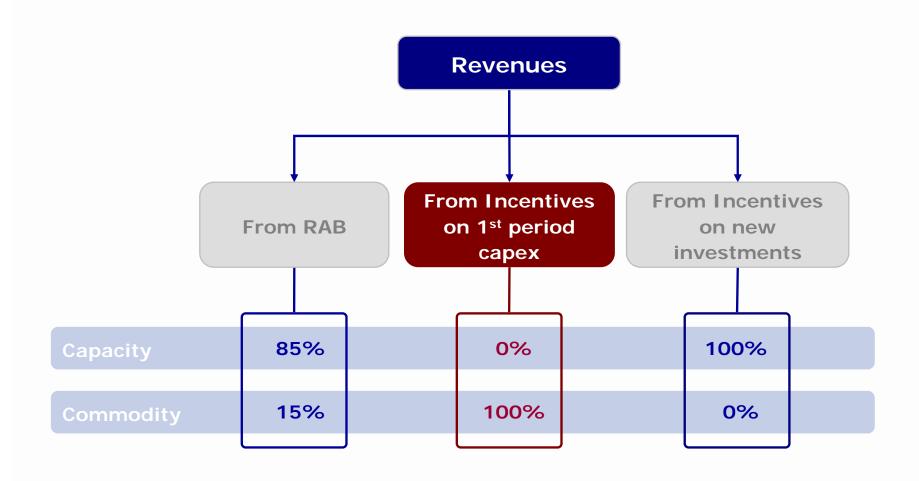
Revenues from RAB updating







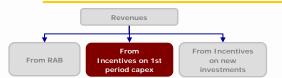






How the formula works





Step 1: First year revenues

year 1

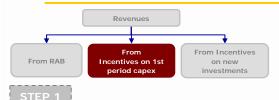
Step 2: Roll revenues forward

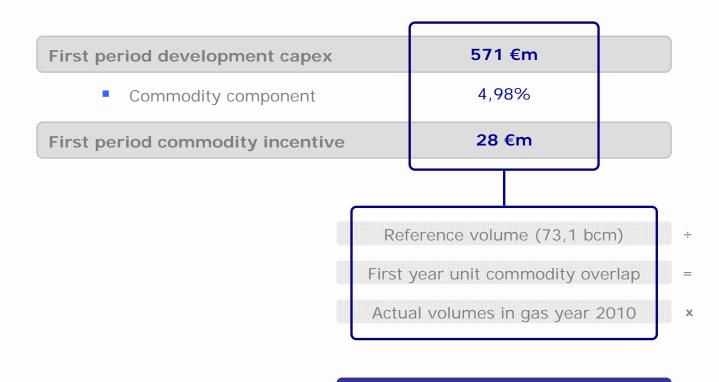
year 2 to year 4



Development capex revenues overlap: 1st year





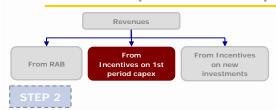


First year commodity overlap



Development capex revenues overlap: updating





Unit commodity overlap

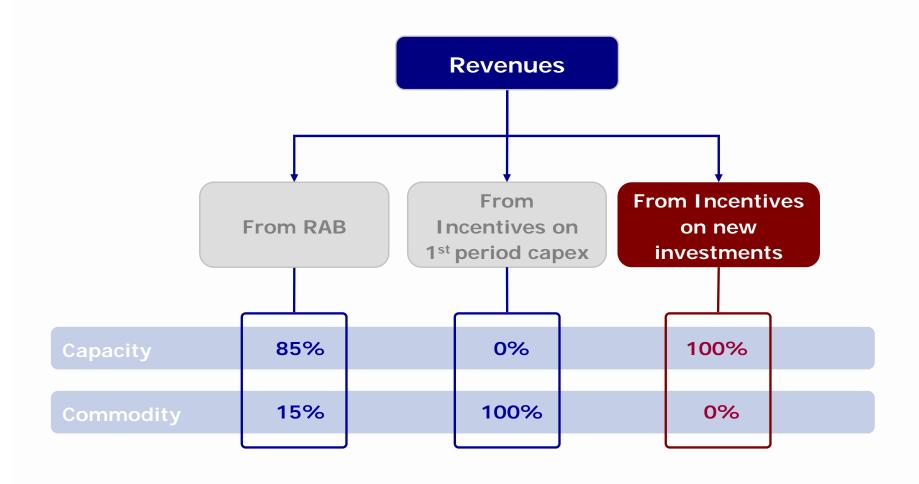


No adjustment

- Lasts 6 years from year of capitalization
- Capex incentives expire in year 2011
- Revenues from unit commodity overlap determined by market growth vs reference volume (73,1 bcm)



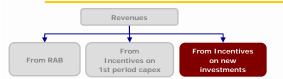






How the formula works





Step 1: First year revenues

year 2

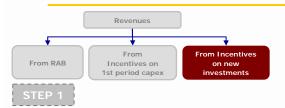
Step 2: Roll revenues forward

year 3 to year 4



Revenues from new investments





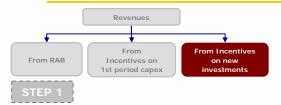
Different investment categories

- T1: maintenance
- T2: safety, quality and market support
- T3: development of regional network
- T4: Development of national network
- T5: Development of national network for import
- T6: Development on entry capacity at border



Revenues from new investments - 1st year





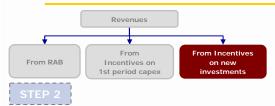


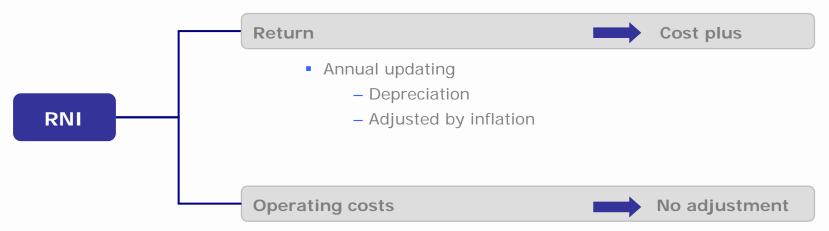
Base return and Depreciation are included in the capacity revenues related to RAB



Revenues from new investments - updating







 Actual incremental cost related to new investments (in case of allowed operating costs higher than actual operating cost)



Note: in the third regulatory period, RAB and depreciations are yearly updated according to new capitalizations



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